MOCK CSR EXAM, FORM C

THEORETICAL GRAMMAR, WORD USAGE, AND CAPITALIZATION

The questions in this section are composed of four sentences that are identical except for the two words or word groups in each that are underlined.

<u>Directions</u>: Select the sentence in which both the underlined words or word groups are used correctly.

- 1A. Between Jerry and <u>me</u>, there is no question about <u>whose</u> idea is going to work.
- B. Between Jerry and <u>I</u>, there is no question about <u>whose</u> idea is going to work.
- C. Between Jerry and <u>me</u>, there is no question about <u>who's</u> idea is going to work.
- D. Between Jerry and \underline{I} , there is no question about who's idea is going to work.
- 2A. They intended to give it to <u>whomever</u> they deemed would do the better job between the office manager and his aide.
- B. They intended to give it to whoever they deemed would do the <u>better</u> job between the office manager and his aide.
- C. They intended to give it to <u>whomever</u> they deemed would do the <u>best</u> job between the office manager and his aide.
- D. They intended to give it to <u>whoever</u> they deemed would do the <u>best</u> job between the office manager and his aide.
- 3A. I meant to spend a few minutes to see <u>if</u> <u>she</u> and Maria could go with us.
- B. I meant to spend a few minutes to see <u>if her</u> and Maria could go with us.
- C. I meant to spend a few minutes to see <u>whether</u> <u>she</u> and Maria could go with us.
- D. I meant to spend a few minutes to see <u>whether</u> <u>her</u> and Maria could go with us.
- 4A. He demanded she be there to see Bob's and Ann's baby.
- B. He demanded she be there to see Bob and Ann's baby.
- C. He demanded she was there to see Bob's and Ann's baby.
- D. He demanded she was there to see Bob and Ann's baby.

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- 5A. Every one of the girls who were there are impressed.
- B. Every one of the girls who was there are impressed.
- C. Every one of the girls who was there is impressed.
- D. Every one of the girls who were there is impressed.
- 6A. Choose <u>among</u> the three so that you can stay here for awhile with us.
- B. Choose <u>between</u> the three so that you can stay here for awhile with us.
- C. Choose among the three so that you can stay here for <u>a</u> while with us.
- D. Choose <u>between</u> the three so that you can stay here for a while with us.
- 7A. <u>Sometime</u> ago, the three men -- David, Scott, and <u>him</u> -were seen together.
- B. <u>Some time</u> ago, the three men -- David, Scott, and <u>him</u> -were seen together.
- C. <u>Sometime</u> ago, the three men -- David, Scott, and <u>he</u> -were seen together.
- D. <u>Some time</u> ago, the three men -- David, Scott, and <u>he</u> -were seen together.
- 8A. I think she is <u>somewhat</u> better today, but she will need several week's rest.
- B. I think she is <u>somewhat</u> better today, but she will need several <u>weeks'</u> rest.
- C. I think she is <u>some</u> better today, but she will need several weeks' rest.
- D. I think she is <u>some</u> better today, but she will need several week's rest.
- 9A. That one seemed to be broken even though most of the others that belong to Dan were working.
- B. That one seemed to be <u>broken</u> even though most of the others that belong to Dan was working.
- C. That one seemed to be \underline{broke} even though most of the others that belong to Dan were working.
- D. That one seemed to be <u>broke</u> even though most of the others that belong to Dan was working.

- 10A. I do not have <u>anymore</u> to give her because most of the copy for those books is with the proofers.
- B. I do not have <u>any more</u> to give her because most of the copy for those books <u>is</u> with the proofers.
- C. I do not have <u>any more</u> to give her because most of the copy for those books are with the proofers.
- D. I do not have <u>anymore</u> to give her because most of the copy for those books are with the proofers.
- 11A. The number of calls we took for those two weeks <u>are</u> higher then any previous week.
- B. The number of calls we took for those two weeks <u>are</u> higher than any previous week.
- C. The number of calls we took for those two weeks <u>is</u> higher then any previous week.
- D. The number of calls we took for those two weeks <u>is</u> higher <u>than</u> any previous week.
- 12A. Sue and I <u>lay</u> there too long, and I thought Mary would have to help her and me into the house.
- B. Sue and I <u>lay</u> there too long, and I thought Mary would have to help she and I into the house.
- C. Sue and I <u>laid</u> there too long, and I thought Mary would have to help her and me into the house.
- D. Sue and I <u>laid</u> there too long, and I thought Mary would have to help she and I into the house.
- 13A. Is it you who are to sit it up this weekend?
- B. Is it you who is to set it up this weekend?
- C. Is it you who is to sit it up this weekend?
- D. Is it you who are to set it up this weekend?
- 14A. He usually helps her <u>more quickly</u> than either the boys or Jaime do.
- B. He usually helps her <u>quicker</u> than either the boys or Jaime do.
- C. He usually helps her <u>quicker</u> than either the boys or Jaime does.
- D. He usually helps her <u>more quickly</u> than either the boys or Jaime does.

- 15A. The boy was <u>risen</u> from the place where <u>him</u> and his brother were trapped.
- B. The boy was <u>raised</u> from the place where <u>him</u> and his brother were trapped.
- C. The boy was <u>risen</u> from the place where <u>he</u> and his brother were trapped.

D. The boy was <u>raised</u> from the place where <u>he</u> and his brother were trapped.

- 16A. Either the aides or the boss <u>have</u> to take responsibility for seeing to it that Jim and you get a copy.
- B. Either the aides or the boss <u>have</u> to take responsibility for seeing to it that you and Jim get a copy.
- C. Either the aides or the boss <u>has</u> to take responsibility for seeing to it that you and Jim get a copy.
- D. Either the aides or the boss <u>has</u> to take responsibility for seeing to it that Jim and you get a copy.
- 17A. It has not been <u>as</u> long this time as it was last time that she was able to help Patty and me.
- B. It has not been <u>so</u> long this time as it was last time that she was able to help Patty and me.
- C. It has not been <u>so</u> long this time as it was last time that she was able to help Patty and I.
- D. It has not been <u>as</u> long this time as it was last time that she was able to help Patty and I.
- 18A. Part of the jury always <u>seems</u> to reach a decision sooner than me.
- B. Part of the jury always <u>seems</u> to reach a decision sooner than I.
- C. Part of the jury always <u>seem</u> to reach a decision sooner than me.
- D. Part of the jury always <u>seem</u> to reach a decision sooner than I.

- 19A. There seem to be <u>fewer</u> options available to those of us whom he called to help.
- B. There seem to be <u>less</u> options available to those of us whom he called to help.
- C. There seem to be <u>fewer</u> options available to those of us who he called to help.
- D. There seem to be less options available to those of us who he called to help.
- 20A. This is <u>more nearly perfect</u> for the company than <u>it's</u> accounts indicate at this time.
- B. This is <u>more perfect</u> for the company than <u>it's</u> accounts indicate at this time.
- C. This is more nearly perfect for the company than its accounts indicate at this time.
- D. This is <u>more perfect</u> for the company than <u>its</u> accounts indicate at this time.

PROOFREADING FOR PUNCTUATION, SPELLING, AND WORD USAGE

This section consists of four-line cases. Each line in each case is a separate test item.

Read each case and determine whether each individual line in the case contains a punctuation error, a spelling error, a word usage error, or no error.

Capitalization, grammar, and hyphenation are not tested in this section.

<u>Directions</u>: Select the option that designates the type of error.

- A. Punctuation error: Commas, periods, question marks, quotes, dashes, apostrophes, semicolons, or colons that are used incorrectly, omitted, or misplaced.
- B. Spelling error: A word that is misspelled and forms no valid word. Example: *defendant* (correct) vs. *defendant* (incorrect).
- C. Word usage error: A word that is spelled correctly but used incorrectly. Example: principle/principal, affect/effect, flair/flare, rest/wrest, sometime/some time (limited to similar-sounding words).
- D. No error: The line contains no errors.
- 21 _A__ During March of last year the police were
- 22 _A__ patrolling the area in search of the suspect and
- 23 _C__ that pursuit, by the way, lead them to a small
- 24 _B__ house that contained drug paraphenalia.
- 25 _A__ When she was asked, "Will you please assist us?" 26 _D__ how did she reply? Did she say to you, "I am already 27 _A__ doing all I can?" She told us that she would be
- 28 A spending the entire evening at her parents.
- zo _A__ spending the cheric evening at her parenes.
- 29 _C__ I thought that she simply had no flare for the job; 30 _C__ yet she was not one of the lessor players for us. 31 _D__ There was no joie de vivre and no enthusiasm. 32 _B__ The thing that was really missing was committment.

33 _A__ She was prescribed Tylenol for pain, Naproxen, 34 _D__ an anti-inflammatory; and Ambien so that she could 35 _A__ get some sleep. Even with all of these drugs she 36 _D__ remained very uncomfortable and miserable. 37 _A__ She had all the toys: an iPhone, an iPad, and 38 _A__ a Kindle Fire, that she needed for the job. However, 39 _C__ her principle task, which was to maintain her 40 _A__ boss' schedule, seemed to be beyond her ability. 41 _D__ Was it clear to you that the land had been ceded to 42 B the plantiff? Was that the outcome that you understood 43 _D__ from the documents that you had? Why didn't you say to 44 _D__ him, "Why did you give up so easily?" 45 _C__ Did you visit the state capitol, where the 46 _A__ headquarters of his company Logan International, was 47 _A__ located? Is that where the confrontation took place, 48 _A__ and where you said to him, "I shall not work for you?" 49 _D__ She reported intra-abdominal cramping from the 50 _B__ begining. If the doctors had been paying more 51 _A__ attention they would have recognized early symptoms 52 _A__ of appendicitis. Because her symptoms did not change. 53 _D__ They made every attempt to effect the new plan before 54 _A__ the end of the year. When they met at the Barnes's 55 _C__ house to discuss the grating of the new roads, they 56 _A__ discussed a major part of the plan, that was missing. 57 C The project peaked my interest as it was just what 58 _A__ I had been looking for, a unique opportunity to 59 _C__ brake into the world of design. I had my degree in 60 _A__ art, but hadn't been able to utilize it. 61 _D__ The men were assigned the task to lade the ship before 62 _A__ it sailed that Friday. The foreman of the project 63 _B__ Dan Hanson, had on many occassions failed to carry out 64 _A__ his duty, this time we thought he could handle it.

65 _C__ In my opinion, it was time for him to turn in to the 66 _A__ man we had hired. His resume was excellent but his 67 _D__ performance had been substandard for a number of 68 _C__ months. We needed to be shone what he could do. 69 _A__ I want to know what you told him at the time? Did 70 _D__ wow have a talk with him and leature him on his.

70 _D__ you have a talk with him and lecture him on his 71 _A__ failings or did you coddle him? Wasn't it time to 72 _D__ just lay it on the line and say, "Enough"?

73 _C__ Was the censor working? You said that his pulse 74 _A__ rate skyrocketed; didn't you? With this in mind, 75 _D__ did you alert the family to the problem he was 76 _A__ having; the serious decline in his condition?

77 _B_ They maintained seperate residences even though they 78 _A_ seemed to get along okay. It just worked out, for the 79 _C_ two of them to live a part for most of the time. We

80 _A__ found it strange, but not all that uncommon.

VOCABULARY

<u>Directions</u>: Choose the word or phrase that is closest in meaning to the word in capital letters.

81. ACRIMONY A) tartness B) marriage C) melody D) intricacy 82. MOTLEY A) tawdry B) venal C) mandatory D) varied 83. NEBULOUS A) clear B) light C) vague D) gaunt 84. NOISOME A) clamorous B) exciting C) nervous D) disgusting 85. ACUITY A) keenness B) bitterness C) dishonesty D) skill 86. OBSTREPEROUS A) unknown B) unaware C) unmanageable D) late 87. ODIOUS A) musical B) fashionable C) hateful D) acrid 88. SPURIOUS A) false B) true C) angry D) peaceful 89. QUANDARY A) amount **B) predicament** C) quarrel D) trap 90. PROTRUDE A) lengthen B) obstruct C) project D) suppress 91. PLACATE A) replace B) understand C) strengthen D) calm 92. ONEROUS A) laudatory B) burdensome C) detailed D) skilled 93. MORDANT A) biting B) dead C) abundant D) melodious 94. OSTRACIZE A) vibrate B) flatter C) scold D) banish 95. PALPABLE A) hidden B) skillful C) proper D) obvious 96. URBANE A) countrified B) shy C) suave D) smiling 97. RECTITUDE A) tenacity B) pride C) honesty D) stuffiness 98. RAVAGE A) ruin B) scar C) betray D) captivate 99. VOLITION A) will B) violence C) vagary D) vacancy 100.PENURY A) radiance B) shadows C) poverty D) punishment